

THE CHINESE UNIVERSITY OF HONG KONG
Department of Mathematics
MATH 3030 Abstract Algebra 2024-25
Tutorial 7
24th October 2024

- Tutorial exercise would be uploaded to blackboard on Mondays provided that there is a tutorial class on that Thursday. You are not required to hand in the solution, but you are advised to try the problems before tutorial classes.
 - Please send an email to echlam@math.cuhk.edu.hk if you have any questions.
1. Let P be a normal Sylow p -subgroup of G , prove that for any $H \leq G$, $P \cap H$ is the unique Sylow p -subgroup of H .
 2. Prove that a group of order $56 = 2^3 \cdot 7$ is not simple.
 3. Suppose G is a simple group of order $168 = 2^3 \cdot 3 \cdot 7$, how many elements of order 7 does G contain?
 4. Prove that a group of order $231 = 3 \cdot 7 \cdot 11$ has center $|Z(G)| \geq 11$. (Hint: Try to show that the Sylow 11-subgroup is contained in the center.)
 5. Suppose G is an even order simple group, with $|G| = 2^r m$ for some odd m , assume that it has a cyclic Sylow 2-subgroup P . Denote $\phi : G \rightarrow S_{2^r m}$ to be the homomorphism associated to the left regular action of G on itself. Recall that symmetric group has a natural sign homomorphism $\text{sgn} : S_{2^r m} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_2$ where it sends even permutations to 0 and odd permutations to 1.
 - (a) Consider $\psi = \text{sgn} \circ \phi : G \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_2$, let $s \in P$ be a generator of a cyclic Sylow 2-subgroup, show that $\psi(s) = 1$.
 - (b) Prove that ψ is in fact surjective and $G \cong \mathbb{Z}_2$.
 6. Let G be a group that satisfies the following condition: for each $n \geq 1$,
$$|\{g \in G : g^n = 1\}| \leq n.$$
 - (a) Prove that the Sylow p -subgroups of G are unique, for each prime p dividing $|G|$.
 - (b) Prove that the Sylow p -subgroups of G are cyclic, for each prime p dividing $|G|$.
 - (c) Conclude that G is cyclic.
 7. Let G be a group of order pqr where $p < q < r$ are primes.
 - (a) Prove that:
 - If $n_r \neq 1$, there are at least $pq(r-1)$ elements of order r .
 - If $n_q \neq 1$, there are at least $r(q-1)$ elements of order q .
 - If $n_p \neq 1$, there are at least $q(p-1)$ elements of order p .
 - (b) Deduce that at least one of n_p, n_q, n_r must be one, explain why G must be solvable.

8. Let G be a group of order $2^n m$ where m is an odd integer, suppose that the Sylow 2-subgroup P is normal and cyclic, and G/P is again cyclic.

(a) Prove that G is abelian.

(b) Prove that G is cyclic.